Institut Montpelliérain

de l'Eau

et de l'Environnement

The importance of organizing data access, its processing and use

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http://www.hydrosciences.fr/sierem

Poster program W18 Thursday, 13 July 2017 Room B Innovative ICT tools for water management and science

BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES

10–14 July 2017

IAHS

Data and information are often scattered, heterogeneous or incomplete; they are rarely comparable and suited to needs. Numerous public, semi-public and private organizations produce and manage data, but often they do not have the resources to exchange, assemble, standardize, summarize and capitalize on the data that they possess.

AISH

IAHS Scientific Assembly 2017

Port Elizabeth, South Africa

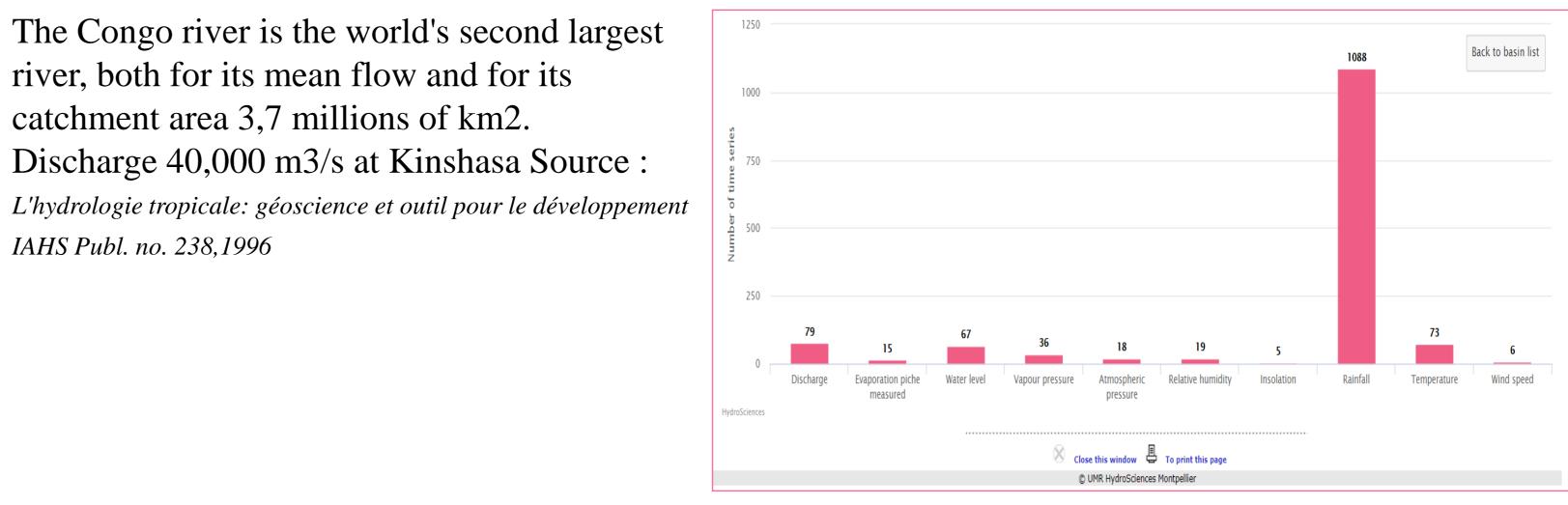
Over and above these difficulties, there is also the more general problem of a natural and widespread reluctance to share information, particularly when it is considered strategic because it can be used for paid services or to provide access to power. While most countries and basins (national or transboundary) clearly need to make an effort to alleviate current data deficiencies, it is also vital that they develop links between data producers and users no matter what the theme or level of intervention (local, basin, national and international) and reinforce capacities for accessing, processing and using existing data. It is in this context and aware of these stakes that HydroSciences Montpellier Laboratory (HSM) has developed an information system, known as SIEREM, which contains several types of environmental variables for the whole of Africa.

DATA SET SIEREM

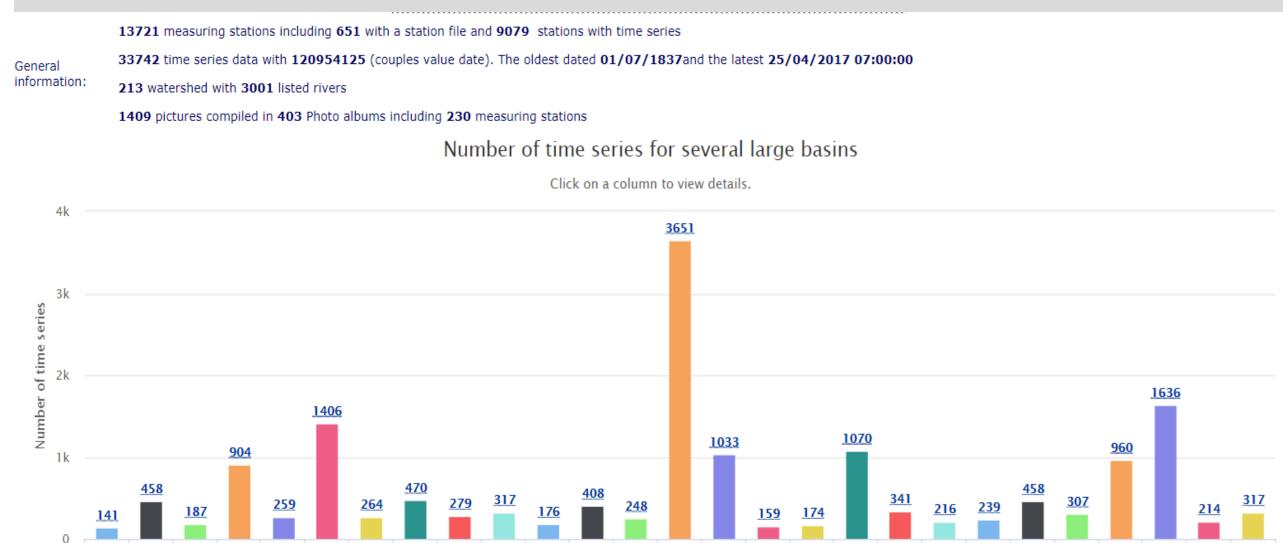
1. General inventory of Environnemental Information System SIEREM

Different Type of data can be managed : Hydrological discharges, water level, Climatological : rainfall, temperature, humidity, evaporation piche measured

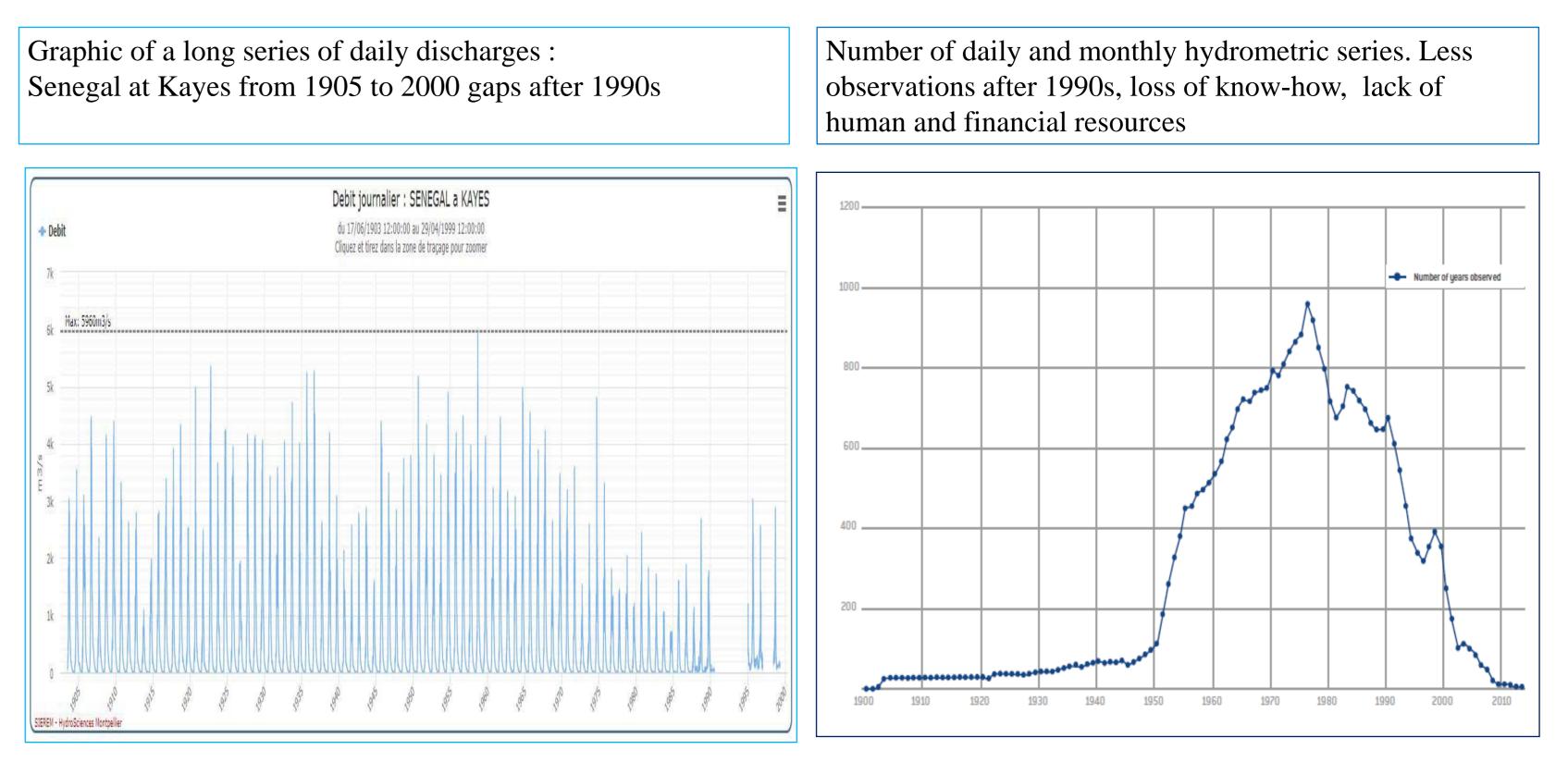
The Congo river is the world's second largest river, both for its mean flow and for its catchment area 3,7 millions of km2. Discharge 40,000 m3/s at Kinshasa Source : L'hydrologie tropicale: géoscience et outil pour le développement

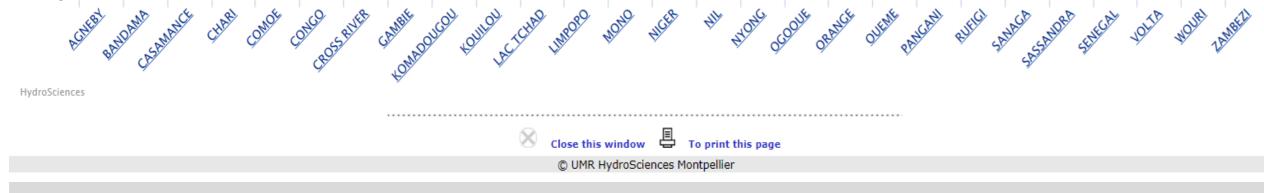






2. Hydrometric data recorded in Sierem database





With 13,000 measurement stations and **33,000 chronological series** (i.e. more than 117 million recordings) for **1837-2015**, this is the largest environmental information system in Africa. The SIEREM site provides free access to all information except raw measurement data, which is the property of the national services of African countries.

RESULTS

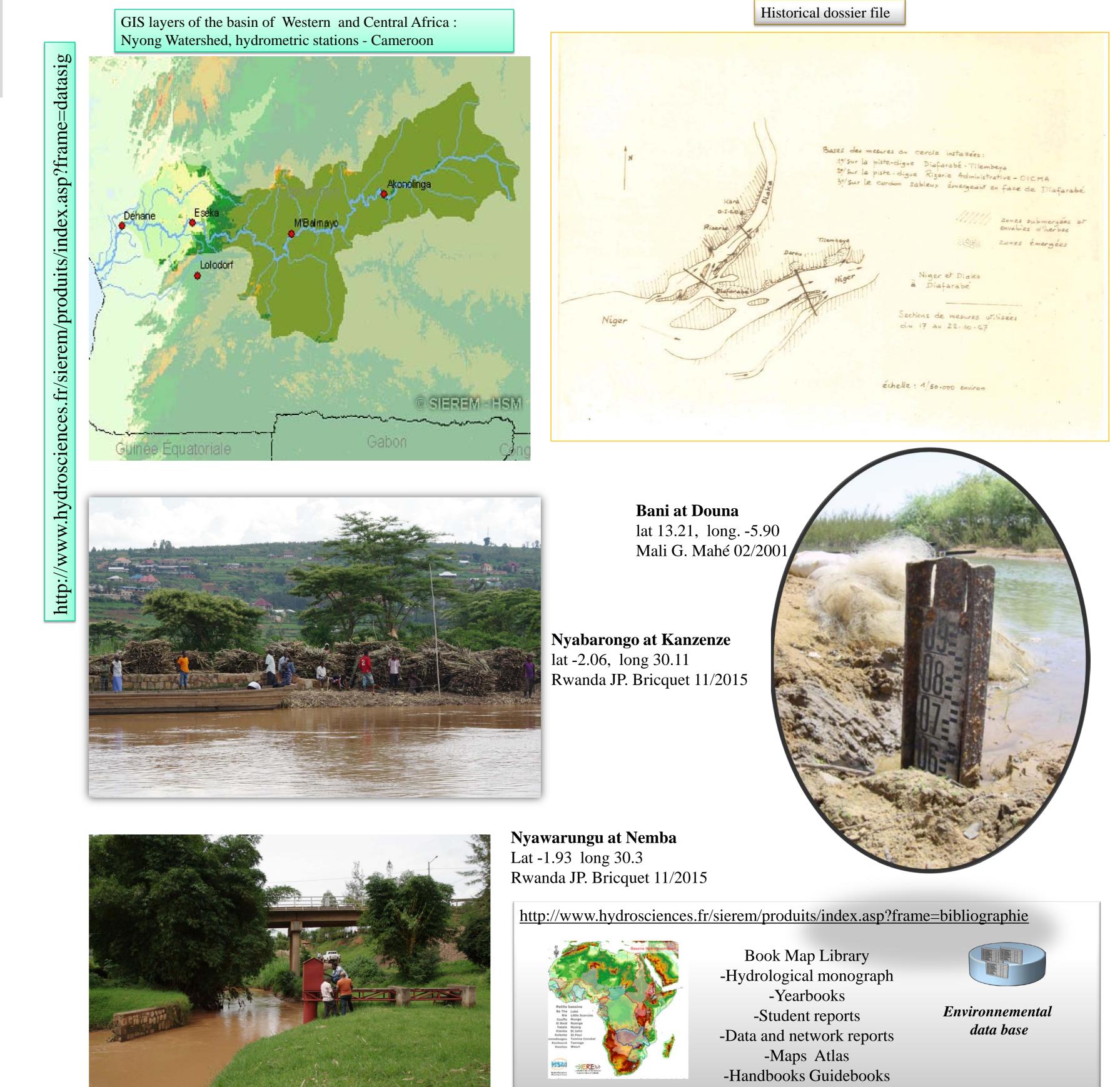
Pays : CAMEROON					Utilisez GoogleEarth pour toutes les stations.	
Stations avec des séries chronologiques de Debit exprimées en m3/s					Téléchargez la liste	
ode		-	1	Nom	Latitude	Longitude
056000115			ő	ESEKA	3,6833	10,7
56000118		٩		КАҮА	3,8667	11,0917
56000121			٥	M'BALMAYO	3,5167	11,5
56000127				OLAMA	3,4333	11,2833
56002003		-		ETOA	3,7667	11,4833
56002009				NSIMALEN	3,7333	11,5333
)56099131				MBALA	3,8472	11,5164
)56099151		۹		STATION 3 SIBAKON - PRINCIPALE BV OTTOTOMO	3,6708	11,2494
)56099152		٩		STATION 1 - SIBEKON ou SIBAKON	3,6683	11,2842
)56099153				STATION 2 - BIBONDA ou BIDANDA	3,6811	11,2906
)58002506			۹	BOGO	10,7333	14,6
)58009503			۹	FOTOKOL-GAMBAROU	12,3667	14,2167
)58009509				SOUERAM ou MEINARI	12,4667	14,1833
)58009512				TILDE	12,15	14,73
)59000120			۹	YABASSI	4,4667	9,9667
059002003			٥	MELONG	5,15	10

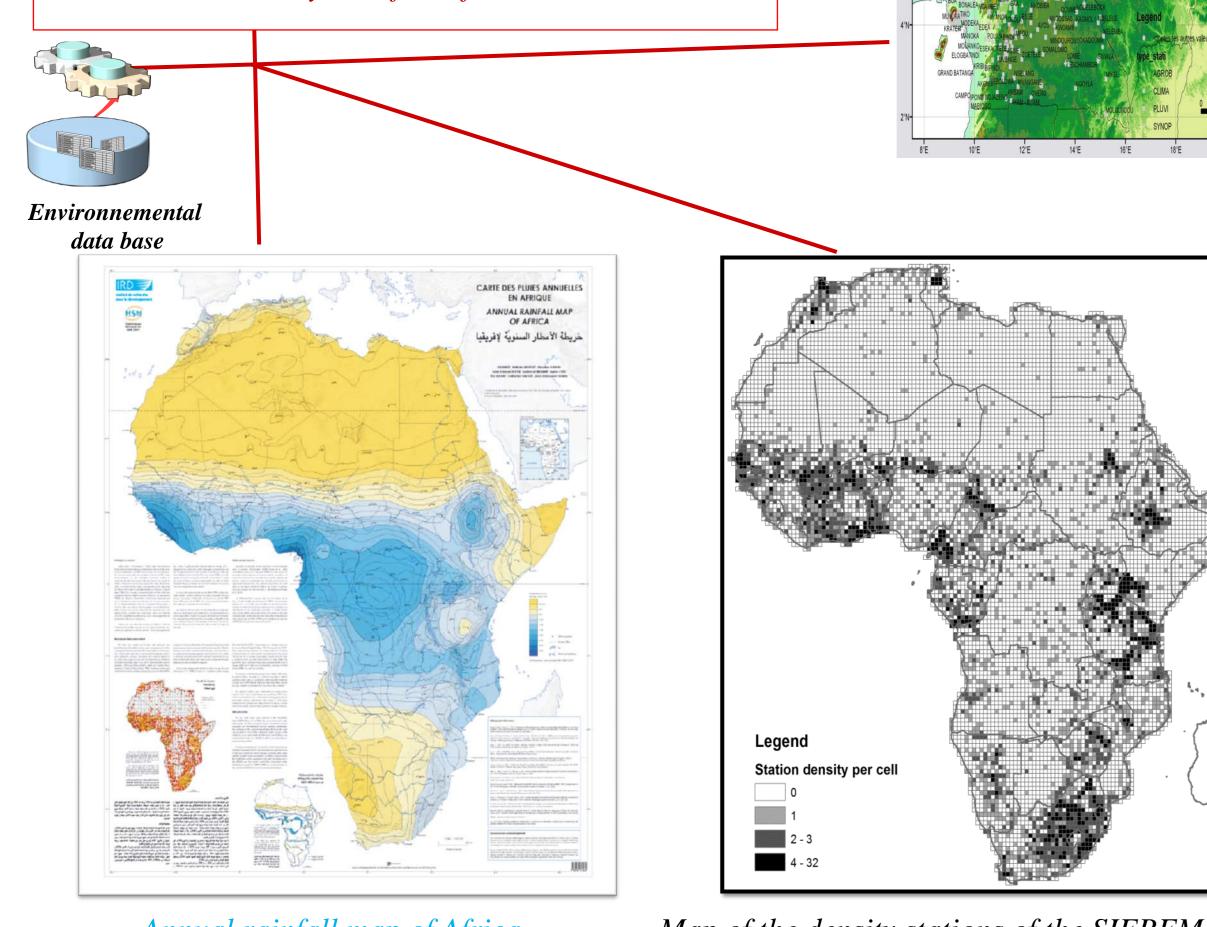
Map with geographical coordinates stations

3. Catchment basins – Photos – Book Map Library

Hydro-climatic data is combined with spatial data : 201 contours of catchment basins and **2,962 rivers**.

SIEREM has also been enriched with data recovered from historical hydrological archives. More than **1,342 photos** have been brought together in 391 geo-referenced albums.









RÉFÉRENCES

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